

# Roberts Primary School

**Charging & Lettings Policy** 



Reviewed: Spring Term 2024 Consultation Period: ended February 2024 Approved by Governors: February 2024

Date of Next review: Spring Term 2025

#### To be read in conjunction with:

Brightsparks Admissions Policy Safeguarding Policy

#### Approved by:

Senior Leader - Mrs D Hunt (Headteacher) Governor – Mrs S Smith (Chair of Governors)

#### 1. Aims

Our school aims to:

- Have robust, clear processes in place for charging and remissions
- Clearly set out the types of activity that can be charged for and when charges will be made

#### 2. Legislation and guidance

The purpose of this guidance is to help head teachers and governing bodies set out their policies on charging and remission for school activities and school visits.

Sections 449-462 of the Education Act 1996 set out the law on charging for school activities in schools maintained by local authorities in England. This guidance has been written to provide at-a-glance information and complements the information given in "A Guide to the Law for School Governors" (Chapter 23). This guidance accurately reflects the terms of the Education Act 1996, but it is not a substitute for those terms. This guide is also referred to in paragraph 1.82 in the School Admissions Code, and in para 1.97 in the revised School Admissions Code (in force from 10/2/09).

Schools must ensure that they inform parents on low incomes and in receipt of the benefits listed on page 4 of this guide of the support available to them when being asked for contributions towards the cost of school visits.

#### 3. Definitions

- Charge: a fee payable for specifically defined activities
- Remission: the cancellation of a charge which would normally be payable

#### 4. Roles and responsibilities

#### 4.1 The Governing Body

The governing board has overall responsibility for approving the charging and remissions policy, but can delegate this to a committee, an individual governor or the Headteacher.

The governing body also has overall responsibility for monitoring the implementation of this policy.

#### 4.2 The Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring staff are familiar with the charging and remissions policy, and that it is being applied consistently.

#### 4.3 Staff

Our staff are responsible for:

- Implementing the charging and remissions policy consistently
- Notifying the Headteacher of any specific circumstances which they are unsure about or where they are not certain if the policy applies

The senior leadership team will provide staff with appropriate training in relation to this policy and its implementation.

#### 4.4 Parents

Parents are expected to notify staff or the Headteacher of any concerns or queries regarding the charging and remissions policy.

#### 5. Where charges cannot be made

Below we set out what the school cannot charge for:

#### 5.1 Education

- Admission applications
- Education provided during school hours (including the supply of any materials, books, instruments or other equipment)
- Education provided outside school hours if it is part of:
  - The national curriculum
  - A syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school
  - Religious education
- Instrumental or vocal tuition, for pupils learning individually or in groups, unless the tuition is provided at the request of the pupil's parent
- Entry for a prescribed public examination if the pupil has been prepared for it at the school
- Examination re-sit(s) if the pupil is being prepared for the re-sit(s) at the school

#### 5.2 Transport

- Transporting registered pupils to or from the school premises, where the local authority has a statutory obligation to provide transport
- Transporting registered pupils to other premises where the governing board or local authority has arranged for pupils to be educated
- Transport that enables a pupil to meet an examination requirement when he or she has been prepared for that examination at the school
- Transport provided in connection with an educational visit

#### 5.3 Residential visits

- Education provided on any visit that takes place during school hours
- Education provided on any visit that takes place outside school hours if it is part of:
  - The national curriculum
  - A syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school
  - o Religious education
- Supply teachers to cover for those teachers who are absent from school accompanying pupils on a residential visit

If the number of school sessions taken up by the visit is equal to or greater than 50% of the number of half days spent on the visit, it is deemed to have taken place during school hours (even if some activities take place late in the evening). Whatever the starting and finishing times of the school day, Regulations require that the school day is divided into 2 sessions. A "half day" means any period of 12 hours ending with noon or midnight on any day.

#### Example 1: Visit during school hours

Pupils are away from noon on Wednesday to 9pm on Sunday. This counts as 9 half days including 5 school sessions, so the visit is deemed to have taken place during school hours.

#### Example 2: Visit outside school hours

Pupils are away from school from noon on Thursday until 9pm on Sunday. This counts as 7 half days including 3 school sessions, so the visit is deemed to have taken place outside school hours.

#### 6. Where charges can be made

Below we set out what the school can charge for.

#### 6.1 Education

- Any materials, books, instruments or equipment, where the child's parent wishes him or her to own them
- Optional extras (see below)
- Music and vocal tuition, in limited circumstances
- Certain early years provision
- Community facilities

#### 6.2 Optional extras

We are able to charge for activities known as 'optional extras'. In these cases, the school can charge for providing materials, books, instruments or equipment. The following are optional extras:

- Education provided outside of school time that is not part of:
  - o The national curriculum
  - A syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school
  - o Religious education
- Examination entry fee(s) if the registered pupil has not been prepared for the examination(s) at the school
- Transport (other than transport that is required to take the pupil to school or to other premises where the local authority/governing board has arranged for the pupil to be provided with education)
- Board and lodging for a pupil on a residential visit
- Extended day services offered to pupils (such as breakfast clubs, after-school clubs, tea and supervised homework sessions)

When calculating the cost of optional extras, an amount may be included in relation to:

- Any materials, books, instruments or equipment provided in connection with the optional extra
- The cost of buildings and accommodation
- Non-teaching staff
- Teaching staff engaged under contracts for services purely to provide an optional extra (including supply teachers engaged specifically to provide the optional extra)
- The cost, or an appropriate proportion of the costs, for teaching staff employed to provide tuition in playing a musical instrument, or vocal tuition, where the tuition is an optional extra

Any charge made in respect of individual pupils will not be greater than the actual cost of providing the optional extra activity, divided equally by the number of pupils participating.

Any charge will not include an element of subsidy for any other pupils who wish to take part in the activity but whose parents are unwilling or unable to pay the full charge.

In cases where a small proportion of the activity takes place during school hours, the charge cannot include the cost of alternative provision for those pupils who do not wish to participate.

Parental agreement is necessary for the provision of an optional extra which is to be charged for.

#### 6.3 Music tuition

Although the law states that all education provided during school hours must be free, music lessons are an exception to this rule.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 introduced a regulation-making power which allowed the Department for Children, Schools and Families to specify circumstances where charging can be made for music tuition. The new Regulations, which came into force in September 2007, provide pupils with greater access to vocal and instrumental tuition.

The school can charge for vocal or instrumental tuition provided either individually or to groups of pupils, provided that the tuition is provided at the request of the pupil's parent. Charges may not exceed the cost of the provision, including the cost of the staff giving the tuition.

Charges cannot be made:

- If the teaching is an essential part of the national curriculum
- If the teaching is provided under the first access to the Key Stage 2 instrumental and vocal tuition programme
- For a pupil who is looked after by a local authority

Charges may now be made for teaching either an individual pupil or groups of any appropriate size (provided that the size of the group is based on sound pedagogical principles) to play a musical instrument or to sing. Charges may only be made if the teaching is not an essential part of either the National Curriculum or a public examination syllabus being followed by the pupil(s), or the first access to the Key Stage 2 Instrumental and Vocal Tuition Programme (Wider Opportunities).

#### 6.4 Residential visits

Charges can be made for board and lodging on residential visits, but the charge must not exceed the actual cost.

#### 7. Voluntary contributions

Nothing in legislation prevents a school governing body or local authority from asking for voluntary contributions for the benefit of the school or any school activities. However, if the activity cannot be funded without voluntary contributions, the governing body or head teacher should make this clear to parents at the outset. The governing body or head teacher **must** also make it clear to parents that there is no obligation to make any contribution.

It is important to note that no child should be excluded from an activity simply because his or her parents are unwilling or unable to pay. If insufficient voluntary contributions are raised to fund a visit, then it must be cancelled. Schools must make sure that they make this clear to parents. If a parent is unwilling or unable to pay, their child must still be given an equal chance to go on the visit. Schools should make it clear to parents at the outset what their policy for allocating places on school visits will be.

When making requests for voluntary contributions to the school funds, parents must not be made to feel pressurised into paying as it is voluntary and **not compulsory**. Schools should avoid sending colour coded letters to parents as a reminder to make payments into the school or maintenance funds. Schools should also ensure that direct debit or standing order mandates are not sent to parents when requesting for contributions.

#### 8. Activities this school charges for

The school will charge for the following activities:

Brightsparks (before and after school care) the charge is £4.50 for a morning session which is from 7.30am until 9am and this includes breakfast. The afternoon session starts at 3.15pm until 5.45pm and this also includes a meal and the charge is £7.50 per session. We are currently offering an am/pm club alongside Brightsparks to help with the staggered start and finish times that are in place. The club begins at 8.45am until your child's start time. The Pm club runs from 3.00pm until 3.30pm. The cost per session is £1. Places are limited and will need to be booked and paid for a week in advance. Please refer to Brightsparks admissions policy

- If the child has to self-isolate due to an internal exposure of Covid-19 we will not charge a fee for this period. If the child has to self-isolate due to an external exposure of Covid-19 we will charge a reduced fee of fifty percent for this period. We will need to receive evidence of a positive or negative test for the child, parent or anyone in the household.
- Due to the staggered start times, that have been introduced during Covid-19, we are currently supporting working parents by offering childcare from 8.45pm until 9.15pm at a reduced fee of £1.00 per session.
- Late fee for parents collecting children. Any child who is not collected on a regular basis (more than 5 times) of 15 minutes after the end of the school day, will be placed in our after-school club, Brightsparks, and a £10 one off fee charged.
- After school sports clubs run by outside agencies

#### 9. Remissions

In some circumstances the school may not charge for items or activities set out in sections 6 and 8 of this policy. This will be at the discretion of the governing board and will depend on the activity in question. When a school informs parents about a forthcoming visit, parents who can prove they are in receipt of benefits that mean the child is a pupil premium child, may negotiate a reduction in cost.

#### 9.1 Remissions for residential visits

Parents who can prove they are in receipt of the following benefits will be exempt from paying the cost of board and lodging for residential visits:

- Universal credit in prescribed circumstances
- Income Support
- Income Based Jobseekers Allowance
- Support under part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999
- Child Tax Credit, provided that Working Tax Credit is not also received and the family's income (as assessed by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs) does not exceed £16,105
- The guarantee element of State Pension Credit
- An income related employment and support allowance that was introduced on 27 October 2008

#### **Charging and Remissions Policies**

No charges can be made unless the governing body of the school or local authority has drawn up a charging policy giving details of the optional extras or board and lodging that they intend to charge for, and a remissions policy.

The governing body's policy may be more or less generous than the LA's, as long as it meets the requirements of the law. A policy statement will take account of each type of activity that can be charged for and explain when charges will be made.

If a charge is to be made for a particular type of activity, for example optional extras, parents need to know how the charge will be worked out and who might qualify for help with the cost (or even get it free). This information should be made available to parents.

The remissions policy must set out any circumstances in which the school or local authority propose to remit (wholly or partly) any charge which would otherwise be payable to them in accordance with their charging policy. For example, a school may decide to provide an Italian language evening class as an optional extra. The governing body may decide to reduce the cost for those children whose parents are in receipt of certain benefits.

#### **Education partly during school hours**

Where an activity takes place partly during and partly outside school hours, there is a basis for determining whether it is deemed to take place either inside or outside school hours. However, a charge can only be made for the activity outside school hours if it is not part of the National Curriculum, not part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school and not part of religious education.

#### Non-residential activities

If 50% or more of the time spent on the activity occurs during school hours, it is deemed to take place during school hours. Time spent on travel counts in this calculation if the travel itself occurs during school hours. School hours do not include the break in the middle of the day.

Where less than 50% of the time spent on an activity falls during school hours, it is deemed to have taken place outside school hours. For example, an excursion might require pupils to leave school an hour before the school day ends, but the activity does not end until late in the evening.

#### **Questions and Answers**

#### Q. What is a charging policy?

**A.** Under the charging provisions set out in legislation, governing bodies and local authorities of maintained schools may choose to charge for certain defined activities, but only if they have first drawn-up charging and remissions policies. These policies should be made available to parents on request.

## Q. A visit involving staying overnight has been arranged for children at my school. Can the school charge for this?

**A.** Where a school activity requires pupils to spend nights away from home the school is allowed to make a charge for board and lodging. This is with the exception of pupils whose parents are receiving: Income Support; Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance; Support under part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999; or Child Tax Credit (providing that they do not also receive Working Tax Credit and have an annual income, assessed by the Inland Revenue that does not exceed £15,575 FY 08/09) and an income related employment and support allowance. Since April 2003 the eligibility criteria that entitle families to an exemption from paying for the cost of board and lodging on residential visits have been aligned with free school meals eligibility criteria. The head teacher must inform all parents of the right to claim free board and lodging if they are receiving these benefits.

## Q. With regard to the remission of board & lodging payments, can you please explain who pays for the expense, would it come out of the school budget or is there a grant available to claim?

**A.** Although the criteria for being eligible for the remission of charges for board and lodgings is the same as free school meals, that is where the similarity ends. The costs involved in the remission of board and lodgings are to be borne by the school from their contingency funds. There is no return to be completed to re-claim the

Reviewed February 24' money back.

## Q. Our school has a large number of pupils eligible for free school meals, this means that they would also receive remission for board and lodgings expenses for residential school visits. How can the school fund/organize residential visits?

**A.** The government provides funding for schools to each local authority according to a formula which recognises the different needs of each area. The same basic funding is provided for all comparable pupils across the country. This is then topped up according to local needs.

One of these top-ups reflects the numbers of pupils in a certain area living in deprived circumstances, as these pupils need extra help if they are to have an equal opportunity in life. The amount that individual schools receive from the local authority reflects their relative need compared with other local schools, through the locally agreed funding formula. All local authorities' funding formulae are required to include an element to reflect the needs of deprived pupils. It is for head teachers and school governing bodies to decide how to spend their available resources.

Schools cannot exclude children from taking part in an activity that is part of the National Curriculum purely on the grounds that the parent or carer, cannot make, or refuses to make, a contribution. This can clearly place schools in some difficulty on occasions where a number of parents/carers might be in such a position. The school then has to decide whether they can cover the costs of such activity from within the budget or by fundraising, or whether the activity has to be cancelled.

If there is a residential activity taking place largely during school time, or which meets the requirements of the syllabus for a public examination, or is to do with the National Curriculum or religious education, no charge may be made either for the education or for the cost of travel.

#### Q. Can governing bodies charge for educating children in maintained schools?

**A.** The local authority or governing body cannot charge for education that takes place in school hours. Nor can they charge for activities that take place outside school hours if these are part of the National Curriculum, necessary as part of a syllabus for a prescribed public examination that the pupil is being prepared for at the school, or part of religious education. They can charge for permitted 'optional extras', provided they have drawn up a statement of general policy on charging and given details of 'optional extras' they intend to charge for. The governing body's policy does not have to be the same as the local authority's policy, as long as it meets the requirements of the law.

#### Q. Can a school charge for an activity that takes place out of school hours?

**A.** This kind of activity is often referred to as an 'optional extra'. Where an optional extra is being provided, a charge can be made for providing materials, books, instruments, or equipment. See guidance on optional extras.

The actual charge for the optional extra cannot exceed the actual cost of the provision. Schools cannot and must not make a profit from charging for optional extras. Participation in any optional extra activity will be on the basis of parental choice and a willingness to meet the charges. Parental agreement is therefore a necessary pre-requisite for the provision of an optional extra where charges will be made.

#### Q. Can a school ask parents for voluntary contributions?

A. Schools may invite parents and others to make voluntary contributions to make school funds go further. All requests to parents for voluntary contributions must make it quite clear that the contributions would be voluntary. It should be remembered that education provided during school hours must be free. This includes materials, equipment, and transport provided in school hours by the local authority or by the school to carry pupils between the school and an activity. Governing bodies should also clearly explain that children of parents who do not contribute will not be treated any differently, and that the activity might be cancelled if insufficient contributions are received.

## Q. The school has sent letters out to parents asking for contributions towards a school visit, do parents have to pay?

**A**. Head teachers or governing bodies may ask parents for voluntary contributions towards the cost of:

- any activity which takes place during school hours;
- school equipment; and
- · school funds generally.

Children of parents who are unable, or unwilling, to contribute may not be discriminated against. However, if insufficient voluntary contributions are received to cover the cost of the visit, or activity, and there is no alternative method to make up the shortfall, then the school should cancel the activity/visit. It would be advisable to make parents aware of a possible cancellation to the activity/visit if insufficient voluntary contributions are received from the outset.

## Q. What happens if the school is not able to raise enough voluntary contributions to cover costs?

**A.** Where there are not enough voluntary contributions, and there is no way to make up the shortfall, for example school funds and/or fundraising activities, then it must be cancelled. The possibility of the activity/visit being cancelled due to a shortfall in contributions should be made clear in the information sent to parents.

## Q. What if a parent is unable, or unwilling to make a voluntary contribution? How does this affect their child(ren)?

**A.** The school cannot exclude a child from taking part in an activity that is part of the National Curriculum purely on the grounds that you, the parent or carer, cannot make, or refuses to contribute. This can clearly place schools in some difficulty on occasions where a number of parents/carers might be in such a position. The school then has to decide whether they can cover the costs of such activity from within the budget or by fundraising, or whether the activity has to be cancelled.

## Q. What support can a school offer a parent/carer who has difficulty making a financial contribution?

**A.** Schools must ensure that parents in receipt of Income Support, Income Based Jobseekers Allowance, support under part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999, Child Tax Credit, provided that Working Tax Credit is not also received and the family's income (as assessed by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs) does not exceed £15,575 (Financial Year 2008/09). Some schools also have funds available to enable families in financial difficulty to send their children on visits/activities. Parents should be encouraged to speak to the head teacher in order to establish if such funding arrangements exist.

No charge may be made if there is a residential activity taking place largely during school time, or which meets the requirements of the syllabus for a public examination. In addition, if the activity is to do with the National Curriculum or religious education, no charge may be made either for the education or for the cost of travel for any pupil, not just those whose parents are in receipt of benefits.

#### Q. What about charges for transport during school hours?

**A.** Any transport provided by the school in school hours will be provided free of charge (though a voluntary contribution could be requested).

## Q. Can the school charge for something like cooking ingredients or materials needed for a technology lesson?

**A.** The school can make a charge to cover the costs of materials/ingredients for subjects such as design or food technology where parents have indicated in advance that they would like their child to bring home the finished product.

#### Q. Can the school charge entry fees for examinations?

A. An examination entry fee may be charged to parents if:

- the examination is on the set list, but the pupil was not prepared for it at the school;
- the examination is not on the set list but the school arranges for the pupil to take it; and
- a pupil fails without good reason to complete the requirements of any public examination where the governing body or LA originally paid or agreed to pay the entry fee.

## Q. Can a school make a charge to pay for the administration required as part of the admission process?

A. Para 1.82 of the current School Admissions Code and para 1.93 of the revised School Admissions Code (which came into force in February 2009) rules out practices that can lead to covert selection, such as asking parents for a financial contribution as a condition of entry. We are clear that schools cannot ask for a voluntary contribution as part of the admissions process and where this is found, we will not tolerate it. Legislation prevents maintained schools from charging fees for admission or for providing education during school hours.

#### Q. Can a school ask for a direct debit to the school fund?

**A.** No. A school may ask for voluntary contributions, as long as it is clear that they are voluntary, but we are clear that state education should be free and we have no intention of changing this policy. We will not tolerate this when it is brought to our notice. No contributions may be sought as part of the admissions process.

## **HIRING CHARGES**

## From 1 March 2021

Location	Rate Per Hour	Caretaker's Fixed Rate	
		Monday - Saturday	Sunday
Hall/Community Hall	£18.00		
Environment Zone	£18.00	£16.50	£20.50
Kitchen	£5.00		

Charges are based on the fixed rate per hour plus an additional charge if a caretaker is required to open or close.

#### ROBERTS PRIMARY SCHOOL

#### **CONDITIONS OF HIRE**

- Application for the use of any part of the school premises, including playgrounds or playing fields, must be made to Roberts Primary School at least 7 days before the desired date. The Governors, or Managers of the school, reserve the right to refuse any application for hiring school premises and, where the circumstances make such necessary, to cancel the arrangements without notice.
- 2. Under normal circumstances the main school building is available for hire for groups between 18.00-21.30pm during the school term Monday to Thursday evenings for long term bookings. Weekend or school holiday hire is subject to agreeing appropriate site management arrangements, but that lettings should end no later than 4.00pm on Saturdays and Sundays.
- 3. The site will be closed during Bank Holiday periods and over the Christmas period and only if caretaking arrangements can be made.
- 4. The fees payable, are based on scales approved by the Governing Body, they are payable not less than 7 days prior to the date of the letting. No refund will be made unless at least 48 hours notice of cancellation is given.
- 5. No apparatus, tools or equipment belonging to the school can be used unless permission has been granted
- 6. School furniture and fittings may not be moved or floors treated by the hirers unless express permission has been obtained
- 7. The hire of facilities is on condition that the hirer is liable for any damage incurred. Any damage arising from the hiring of school premises will be repaired by the School and charged against the party or persons hiring the facility. Hirers may be asked to provide public liability insurance
- 8. Particular attention is drawn to the need for care of hall floors. All footwear should be suitable for these rooms.
- 9. Emergency exits must be kept clear during the period of letting and any other hire. Smoking is strictly forbidden. Safety regulations must be observed. Any licenses or copyright consents, music and dancing licenses, the conditions of which must be complied with, necessary because of the hiring, must be obtained by the hirers from the appropriate authorities. The consumption or sale of alcoholic beverages on the school premises requires the prior approval of the Governors or Managers of the school before any necessary licence is applied for.

- 10. No furniture or equipment may be bought on to the school premises without the approval of the Governors or Managers. Dudley Local Authority, its officials and servants will not in any circumstances be responsible for any damage, Injury to or loss of goods brought to the school by the hirers or for damage or injury to the person of the hirer or any persons being in or about the premises while in the use of the hirers, and the hirers shall indemnify Dudley Local Authority, its officials and servants against any claims which may be made upon them in respect thereof.
- 11. If suitable accommodation is available for the parking of motor vehicles, it is permitted only on condition that persons bringing such vehicles on to school premises do so at their own risk and that they accept responsibility for any damage or injury to the property or to any persons whether connected with the school or not caused by such vehicles or their presence on the school's premises.
- 12. School site staff are expressively forbidden by the Governors to deviate from these regulations and should not receive payment for their services in any form from the hirer. Payment of hiring charges should be made direct to the School and an official receipt obtained.
- 13. Hirers must have a nominated person who is responsible for ensuring the users are aware of Health and Safety procedures and emergency evacuation procedures.

## **BRIGHTSPARKS FEES**

## From 1 March 2021

	Session price/time	Provision
Breakfast Club	£4.50 (7.30am – 9.00am)	Breakfast
After School Club	£7.50 (3.15pm – 5.45pm)	Afternoon Meal
Childcare	£1.00 (8.45am – 9.15am)	N/A

Charges are based on the Brightsparks Admissions Policy and does not include the reduced rates if the child is isolating. This will vary by child.

Reviewed February 24'